Dear Stakeholders.

The text that is highlighted in yellow on pages 2 - 6 and 10 reflect the most recent changes agreed upon by the dialysis treatment advisory committee on April 15, 2014.

- 1 Health Facilities Regulation Division
- 2 STANDARDS FOR HOSPITALS AND HEALTH FACILITIES
- 3 CHAPTER XV DIALYSIS TREATMENT CLINICS
- 4 6 CCR 1011-1 Chap 15
- 5 Section 1. STATUTORY AUTHORITY AND APPLICABILITY
- The statutory authority for the promulgation of these rules is set forth in Sections 25-1.5-103, 25-1.5-108, and 25-3-101, et seq., C.R.S.
- A dialysis treatment clinic, as defined herein, shall comply with all applicable federal and state statutes and regulations, including but not limited to, the following:
- 10 (A) This Chapter XV.
- 11 (B) 6 CCR 1011-1, Chapter II, General Licensure Standards.
- 12 Section 2. DEFINITIONS
- Department The Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, unless the context dictates otherwise.
- Dialyzer Regeneration The preparation for reuse of a single-use dialyzer in accordance with Section 6.5 of this Chapter.
- Dialysis Treatment Clinic A health facility or a department or unit of a licensed hospital that is planned, organized, operated and maintained to provide outpatient HEMODIALYSIS treatment to, or hemodialysis training for home use of hemodialysis equipment. by, end-stage renal disease patients. {Changed to conform with statutory definition amended by SB13-046}
- 22 2.4 End-Stage Renal Disease The stage of renal impairment that appears irreversible and permanent and that requires a regular course of dialysis or a kidney transplant to maintain life.
- 25 2.5 General Hospital A facility licensed pursuant to 6 CCR 1011-1, Chapter IV, General
 26 Hospitals, that provides 24-hours per day, seven days per week inpatient services,
 27 emergency medical and surgical care, continuous nursing services, and necessary
 28 ancillary services to individuals for the diagnosis or treatment of injury, illness, pregnancy,
 29 or disability.

1 2 3	2.6	Governing Board – The board of trustees, directors, or other governing body in whom tultimate authority and responsibility for the conduct of the dialysis treatment clinic is vested.				
4 5	2.7		Hemodialysis Technician – A person who is not a physician or a registered nurse and who provides dialysis care.			
6 7 8 9	2.8	PRACTION DEPART	NTERMEDIATE CARE PROVIDER – A NURSE PRACTITIONER, PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT OR ADVANCED RACTICE NURSE PERFORMING WITHIN THE SCOPE OF PRACTICE SET BY THE COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF REGULATORY AGENCIES (DORA). THE TERM IS SYNONYMOUS WITH MIDEVEL PROVIDER.			
10 11 12 13	2. 8 9	the con	al Credentialing Program – Any national pronpetency of hemodialysis technicians that is ation of Nephrology Technicians/Technologation.	s recognized by the National		
14 15	<u>2.10</u>		ND STAGE RENAL FAILURE – RENAL FAILURE T SED AS END-STAGE RENAL DISEASE.	HAT IS ACUTE BUT HAS NOT YET BEEN		
16	Section	3. FEI	ES			
17 18	3.1	License fees. All license fees are non-refundable and shall be submitted with the appropriate license application.				
19		(A)	Initial license fee - \$5,140 per facility.			
20 21 22		(B)	Renewal license fee - effective July 1, 201 maximum number of a facility's operational			
			1 - 12 stations	\$1,750 per facility		
			13 - 23 stations	\$2,750 per facility		
			24 or more stations	\$3,750 per facility		
23 24		(C)	Change of ownership - change of ownersh with the criteria set forth in Chapter II, Par			
25	Section	1 4. HO	SPITAL AGREEMENT AND PUBLIC NOT	TICE REQUIREMENTS		
26	4.1 Ho	spital Aç	greement			
27 28 29 30 31		4.1.1	With the exception of general hospitals, are treatment clinic license shall also have a vegeneral hospital that includes arrangement emergency hospitalization and infectious of the agreement may also provide for an or	vritten agreement with an affiliating its for medical audit, utilization review, disease control HOSPITAL TRANSFERS.		

1 2		general hospital. Such agreement shall be submitted to and approved by the Department before issuance of any license.
3 4 5 6	4.1	.2 A special medical advisory board composed of physicians specializing in nephrology and/or with clinical experience in dialysis may be appointed by the affiliating hospital for the purpose of medical audit and utilization review. {Language amended and moved to section 5.18}
7	4.2 Public	Notice Requirements
8 9 10	4.2	Each dialysis treatment clinic shall post a clear and unambiguous notice in a public location in the facility specifying that the clinic is licensed, regulated, and subject to inspection by the Department.
11 12 13 14 15	4.2	2 Each dialysis treatment clinic shall also inform consumers, either in the public notice described in this section or in written materials provided to consumers, that the consumer has a right to make any comments the consumer has concerning the clinic's services to either the clinic or the Department for consideration.
16 17	4.2	.3 The consumer notice shall specify that any comments the consumer has concerning clinic services may be raised either orally or in writing.
18	Section 5.	ORGANIZATION AND STAFFING REQUIREMENTS
19	5.1 Gove	ning Board
20 21	5.1	A dialysis treatment clinic shall have a governing board that is formally organized with a written constitution or articles of incorporation and by-laws.
22 23	5.1	.2 The governing board shall meet at regularly stated intervals, and maintain record of these meetings.
24 25	5.1	.3 The governing board shall assume responsibility for the services provided by the clinic.
26 27	5.1	The governing board shall provide facilities, personnel, and services necessary for the welfare and safety of patients.
28 29 30	5.1	.5 The governing board shall appoint the medical staff. Such appointments shall be made following consideration of the recommendations by the existing medical staff.
31 32 33 34	5.1	The governing board should SHALL appoint an administrative officer who is qualified by training and experience in hospital or clinic administration and delegate to that individual the executive authority and responsibility for the administration of the dialysis treatment clinic.

1 2		<u>5.1.7</u>	THE GOVERNING BOARD SHALL ADOPT A NATIONAL STANDARD FOR INFECTION CONTROL.
3 4		<u>5.18</u>	THE GOVERNING BOARD SHALL ESTABLISH A MECHANISM FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF MEDICAL AUDIT AND UTILIZATION REVIEW FUNCTIONS.
5	5.2	Administ	rative Officer
6 7 8		5.2.1	The administrative officer shall be responsible for the administration of the dialysis treatment center and shall maintain liaison between the governing board and medical staff.
9 10 11 12		5.2.2	The administrative officer shall ensure that the dialysis treatment clinic is formally organized to carry out its responsibilities. The plan of organization with the authority, responsibility, and functions of each category of all personnel should SHALL be defined clearly in writing.
13 14		5.2.3	The administrative officer shall be responsible for the development of dialysis treatment clinic policies and procedures for employee and medical staff use.
15	5.3	Medical S	Staff
16 17 18 19 20		5.3.1	All dialysis treatment clinics shall have an organized medical staff with written rules, regulations, and by-laws. The by-laws shall make provision for application, appointment, privileges, RESPONSIBILITIES, discipline, control, right of appeal, attendance at medical staff meetings, committees, and professional conduct in the clinic.
21 22		5.3.2	A physician from the organized medical staff shall be appointed or elected as chief of staff.
23 24		5.3.3	The medical staff shall meet regularly and maintain written records of these meetings.
25 26		5.3.4	There shall be a medical audit committee to review systematically the work of the medical staff with respect to quality of medical care.
27 28 29		5.3.5	There shall be a medical records committee that supervises and appraises the quality of medical records according to the requirements contained in Section 6.3 of this chapter.
30	5.4	Nursing	
31 32		5.4.1	Each clinic shall be under the direct supervision of a registered nurse with administrative capability and experience in hemodialysis.
33 34 35		5.4.2	The supervising nurse shall be responsible for staff assignments, policy and procedure development, records and reports, educational planning and overall patient care.

1 5.4.3 A registered nurse qualified in hemodialysis shall be on duty during the hours of 2 the clinic's operation. Hemodialysis Technicians 3 4 On and after January 1, 2009, a person shall not act as, or perform the duties and 5 functions of, a hemodialysis technician unless that person has been credentialed 6 by a national credentialing program and is under the supervision of a physician or 7 registered nurse experienced or trained in dialysis treatment. 8 5.5.2 On and after January 1, 2009, a dialysis treatment clinic shall not allow any 9 person to perform the duties and functions of a hemodialysis technician at or for 10 the dialysis treatment clinic if the person has not been credentialed by a national credentialing program. 11 12 Nothing in this Section 5.5 shall prohibit a person enrolled in a hemodialysis 5.5.3 technician training program from performing the duties and functions of a 13 hemodialysis technician if: 14 15 (A) The person is under the direct supervision of a physician or a registered nurse experienced or trained in dialysis treatment, who is on the 16 17 premises and available for prompt consultation or treatment; and 18 (B) The person receives his or her credentials from a national credentialing 19 program within 18 months after the date the person enrolled in the 20 training program. 5.6 All Clinic Personnel 21 22 5.6.1 Personnel records shall be kept on each of the clinic staff. These records shall 23 include the employment application and verification of credentials. 24 5.6.2 On and after January 1, 2009, each dialysis treatment clinic shall confirm and 25 maintain records for hemodialysis technician certification. Facilities shall provide a list to the department at the time of initial licensure, relicensure and upon 26 request, with information including but not limited to the following: 27 28 (A) The names of all technicians employed by the clinic, 29 (B) The date the technician was credentialed by a national credentialing 30 program or, if not credentialed, the date the technician enrolled in a 31 credentialing training program AS LONG AS THE TECHNICIAN RECEIVES HIS 32 OR HER CREDENTIALS FROM A NATIONAL CREDENTIALING PROGRAM WITHIN 18 MONTHS OF ENROLLMENT, and 33 (C) 34 The name of the credentialing association. The dialysis treatment clinic shall explain its purposes and objectives to all 35 5.6.3 36 personnel. There should SHALL be written personnel policies and rules that

1 govern the conditions of employment, the management of employees, the types 2 of functions to be performed, and the quality and quantity of clinic service. 3 Following approval by the governing board, copies of such policies and rules 4 should Shall be distributed MADE AVAILABLE to all employees. 5 5.6.4 There should SHALL be sufficient qualified personnel in the clinic. 6 5.6.5 Additional personnel, including hemodialysis technicians, shall be assigned 7 according to the needs of the patient and the clinic. 8 5.6.6 All persons assigned to the direct care of or service to patients should SHALL be 9 prepared through formal education and on-the-job training in the principles, the 10 policies, the procedures, and the techniques involved so that the welfare of patients will be safeguarded. 11 12 5.6.7 There should SHALL be an education program for all clinic personnel to keep the 13 employees abreast of changing methods and new techniques in dialysis 14 services. All personnel should have a pre-employment physical examination and such 15 5.6.8 interim examinations as may be required by the clinic administration or health 16 service physician. The examining physician should certify that the employee, 17 18 before returning from illness to duty, is free from infectious disease. Employment 19 health policies should be arranged so personnel are free to report their illness 20 without fear of income loss. {Contrary to CDC guidelines. Replaced with § 21 6.4.3.below} 22 Section 6. PATIENT/CLINICAL FUNCTIONS 23 Hemodialysis Services 24 (A) A DIALYSIS TREATMENT CLINIC SHALL NOT PROVIDE OUTPATIENT HEMODIALYSIS 25 TREATMENT TO A NON-END-STAGE RENAL DISEASE PATIENT WITHOUT A REFERRAL FOR 26 TREATMENT FROM A BOARD-CERTIFIED OR BOARD-ELIGIBLE NEPHROLOGIST LICENSED 27 AS A PHYSICIAN IN COLORADO. WHEN MAKING THE REFERRAL, THE NEPHROLOGIST AND 28 OTHER LICENSED PHYSICIANS WHO CARED FOR THE PATIENT IN THE HOSPITAL SHALL 29 USE THEIR PROFESSIONAL JUDGMENT TO DETERMINE WHEN THE PATIENT NO LONGER 30 REQUIRES HOSPITALIZATION AND MAY RECEIVE OUTPATIENT DIALYSIS. [Mandated by 31 SB13-0461 32 6.1.1 Water Supply 33 (A) The clinic's water supply system shall be from a municipal water supply 34 system or other system that meets the criteria established by the 35 Department in the REGULATION No. 11 OF THE WATER QUALITY CONTROL 36 COMMISSION, Colorado Primary Drinking Water Regulations, 5-CCR 37 1003-1 5 CCR 1002-11. {5 CCR 1003-1 was repealed effective March 1. 38 2014 and replaced with 5 CCR 1002-11}

1 2 3			(B)	Water used in hemodialysis procedures shall be further treated before use in dialysis machines. Dialysis treatment clinics shall follow a recognized method of treatment.			
4	6.2	Clinical L	aborato	aboratory			
5		6.2.1	Clinica	l laboratory services shall be provided within the facility or by contract.			
6		6.2.2	Contra	cted services shall meet the standards established herein.			
7		6.2.3	Staffing	g and Organization			
8 9 10			(A)	The laboratory shall be under the supervision of a physician, certified in clinical pathology, either on a full-time, part-time, or consulting basis. The pathologist shall provide, at a minimum, monthly consultative visits			
11 12			(B)	Emergency laboratory services shall be made available whenever needed.			
13 14			(C)	All laboratory work shall be ordered by a physician or a person authorized by law to use the results of such findings.			
15		6.2.4	Facilitie	es and Equipment			
16			(A)	There shall be adequate space within the facility for the laboratory.			
17			(B)	There shall be adequate storage space for supplies.			
18 19			(C)	Workbench space shall be ample, well lighted, and convenient to sink, water, and electrical outlets as necessary.			
20 21			(D)	All laboratory equipment shall be in good working order, be routinely checked and be precise in terms of calibration.			
22 23			(E)	A schedule of preventive maintenance shall be set up for all laboratory equipment.			
24		6.2.5	Policies	s and Procedures			
25 26			(A)	A manual outlining all procedures performed in the laboratory shall be completed and readily available for reference.			
27 28			(B)	The conditions and procedures for referring specimens to another laboratory shall be in writing and available in the laboratory.			
29		6.2.6	Clinica	Laboratory Records			
30 31			(A)	A record of all preventive maintenance, repair, and calibration shall be kept on each item of laboratory equipment.			

1 2 3			(B)	specimens are adequately identified, properly processed, and permanently recorded.
4 5 6			(C)	Duplicate copies of all reports shall be kept in the laboratory in a manner that permits ready identification and accessibility, for at least four years plus the current fiscal year.
7	6.3	Medical F	Records	
8 9 10		6.3.1	law or	embers of the medical/house staff or other persons authorized by state regulation shall write or dictate medical histories and physical actions.
11 12		6.3.2		olete medical record shall be maintained on every patient registered in the treatment clinic. Each patient's record shall include:
13 14			(A)	Sufficient information to properly identify the patient including clinic identification assigned to patient,
15			(B)	Date and time of each treatment session,
16 17			(C)	Original copies of any clinical test results including reports of tests referred to another laboratory,
18			(D)	Initial diagnosis, and
19			(E)	Secondary diagnosis and complications as necessary, AND
20 21 22 23			(F)	EVIDENCE OF COORDINATION OR CONTINUITY OF CARE WITH OTHER SERVICE PROVIDERS (E.G. HOSPITALS, LONG TERM CARE FACILITIES, HOME AND COMMUNITY SUPPORT SERVICES AGENCIES, OR TRANSPORTATION PROVIDERS) AS NEEDED TO ASSURE THE PROVISION OF SAFE CARE.
24 25 26 27		6.3.3	by the or elec	ers for diagnostic procedures, treatments, and medications shall be signed physician submitting them and entered in the medical record in ink, in type tronically. The prompt completion of a medical record shall be the sibility of the attending physician.
28 29 30		6.3.4	compu	tication of the order may be by written signature, identifiable initials, ter key, or electronic verification. The use of rubber stamp signatures is able under the following strict conditions:
31 32			(A)	The physician whose signature the rubber stamp represents is the only one who has possession of the stamp, is the only one who uses it, and
33 34 35			(B)	The physician places in the administrative offices of the clinic a signed statement to the effect that he is the only one who has the stamp and is the only one who uses it. {Obsolete language}

1 2 3 4	6.3.5	suitab Medic	dialysis treatment center shall provide a medical record room or other le medical record facility OR AREA with adequate supplies and equipment. al records should SHALL be stored safely to provide protection from loss, ge, and unauthorized use.
5 6 7 8 9	6.3.6	origina most r discre	al records for individuals 18 years of age and older shall be preserved as al records, on microfilm or computer disc for no less than ten years from the recent patient care usage, after which time records may be destroyed at the tion of the clinic. Medical records for minors under the age of 18 shall be reed for the period of minority plus ten (10) years.
10 11	6.3.7		inic shall establish procedures for notifying patients whose records are to stroyed before the destruction of such records.
12 13 14	6.3.8	clinic i	ole responsibility for the destruction of all medical records shall lie with the nvolved but in no case shall records be destroyed before consultation with counsel.
15 16 17	6.3.9	destru	ng in this section shall be construed to affect the requirements for the section of public records as set forth in Section 24-80-101,et seq., C.R.S. accessary section because it only applies to state government.
18	6.4 Infection C	ontrol	
19 20 21	6.4.1	comm	alysis treatment clinic shall have a multi-disciplinary infection control ittee charged with the responsibility of investigation and recommendations prevention and control of infection in the clinic.
22 23	6.4.2		nulti-disciplinary infection control committee shall be responsible for all clinic es and procedures related to infection control including the following:
24 25		(A)	The isolation of patients with specific infectious diseases and protective isolation of appropriate patients,
26		(B)	The control of routine use of antibiotics and adrenocorticosteroids,
27 28 29 30		(C)	The review and revision of policies and procedures for infection surveillance and control. The Review and Revision of Clinic Policies and PROCEDURES TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH THE GOVERNING BOARD'S CHOSEN NATIONAL STANDARD FOR INFECTION CONTROL.
31 32		(D)	Presentation of ORIENTATION AND in-service education programs on the control of infection, and
33 34		(E)	The reporting of infectious diseases as required by applicable state and federal laws and regulations.
35 36	6.4.3		ne committee to carry out its responsibilities the following are highly mended standards:

1 2		(A)	Meet at least monthly, and more frequently if the surveillance committee so indicates.
3		(B)	Plan an agenda that includes:
4			(1) Review of significant features of the monthly report.
5 6 7 8 9			(2) Review of one major control policy (and related procedures) area each month in the light of newest available information and the clinic's current practice. {Stricken because "highly recommended" standard is not enforceable. Unenforceable standards do not belong in regulation.}
10 11 12	6.4.3	PROHIE PROVIE	ALYSIS TREATMENT CLINIC SHALL IMPLEMENT POLICIES AND PROCEDURES TO BIT CLINIC PERSONNEL WITH A COMMUNICABLE OR CONTAGIOUS DISEASE FROM DING DIRECT PATIENT CARE WHEN IT CAN BE REASONABLY ASSUMED DETERMINED
13			UCH CONTACT MIGHT RESULT IN TRANSMISSION OF THE DISEASE.
14	6.5 Dialyzer R	egenera	ation
15 16	6.5.1		neration shall not be permitted on dialyzers used for hepatitis antigen e patients.
17 18 19	6.5.2	involve	o individual dialyzer regeneration, a physician shall inform the patient ed of the possible complications and hazards along with the possible ts of such regeneration.
20 21 22	6.5.3	patien	tient shall be denied access to dialysis in the clinic as a result of that t's refusal to permit regeneration of his or her dialyzer. The clinic shall nent all instances where a patient refuses to permit regeneration.
23	6.5.4	Staffin	g and Training
24 25 26		(A)	The clinic shall provide training for all personnel in the protocols and procedures for regeneration at the time of employment and at least annually thereafter.
27 28 29		(B)	The clinic shall document the qualifications of the personnel responsible for the regeneration process along with the protocols for training said personnel.
30	6.5.6	Policies	and Procedures
31 32 33		(A)	The clinic shall establish polices to ensure the safety of employees when using disinfecting agents and procedures to address accidents and disinfectant spillage.
34 35		(B)	Quality control procedures shall be established and documented in the facility procedure manual.

(C) 1 The infection control committee, if one exists, shall approve all quality 2 control procedures. **Quality Control** 3 6.5.7 4 Quality control procedures shall include, but not be limited to, the following: 5 (A) Each dialyzer to be reused shall be clearly and indelibly labeled with the patient's name and other unique identifying information before the initial 6 7 use. 8 (1) At each subsequent use, the label shall be checked by two (2) 9 separate individuals, preferably the dialysis staff member and the 10 patient. 11 (B) The number of uses shall be recorded in a reuse record maintained for 12 each dialyzer and in the patient's permanent dialysis record. 13 (C) Water used to formulate cleaning solution and to rinse dialyzers shall be 14 passed through a reverse osmosis membrane, ultra filtration membrane 15 or a submicron filter (0.45 micron) which is appropriately maintained. 16 This water shall contain less than 200 bacteria per ml. and shall be 17 checked monthly by bacteriologic sampling of the source water outlet in 18 the reprocessing area. If such sampling reveals bacterial counts that 19 exceed this limit, the clinic shall implement corrective measures and do 20 weekly sampling until the result returns to less than 200 bacteria per ml. 21 The clinic shall maintain a record with the results of all samples. 22 (D) Each dialyzer shall be disinfected with an effective agent and each 23 disinfection shall be documented. If formaldehyde is used as the 24 disinfecting agent, there shall be a minimum concentration of 2% in both 25 the blood and dialysate compartments, and the minimum exposure time 26 shall be no less than 24 hours. 27 (E) Disinfection shall be monitored. All febrile reactions during dialysis with 28 new or used dialyzers shall be documented in the patient's record. 29 (F) Blood and dialysate cultures shall be done on all patients experiencing febrile reactions. The results of those cultures shall be documented in 30 the dialysis record. 31 32 (G) There shall be documentation of the addition of effective disinfectant 33 concentrations in the dialyzer to be reused. 34 (H) Effective disinfectant removal from each dialyzer immediately prior to 35 reapplication shall be documented. There shall be validation on a monthly basis regarding the effectiveness of the disinfectant removal. 36

1 2 3	(1)	reproc	er potentially toxic substances added during any part of the essing procedure shall be removed and the removal documented tine testing and/or validation studies, as appropriate.
4 5	(J)		fectiveness of the reprocessing procedure shall be documented each subsequent use of each dialyzer.
6 7 8		(1)	For hollow fiber dialyzers, a hollow fiber bundle volume (HFBV) of not less than 80% of the initial HFBV, measured at 0+10 mm of HG transmembrane pressure, shall be maintained.
9 10 11		(2)	For parallel plate or coil dialyzers, small molecular clearance tests shall be performed during or after each use. Performance less than 90% of original capacity shall not be permitted.
12 13 14 15	(K)	be dod new di	leaks during the use of either new or reprocessed dialyzers shall cumented. If the blood-leak rate of used dialyzers exceeds that of ialyzers, each used dialyzer shall be pressure-tested for possible compartment leak before reuse.
16 17	(L)		ers shall be discarded unless the following criteria are met at the ne dialyzer is to be used on the patient:
18		(1)	The dialyzer has no cracked or broken parts,
19 20		(2)	The dialyzer appears clear and free of dissolved or residual blood manifest by a brownish or pinkish tinge, and
21		(3)	Headers are visibly free of all but small peripheral clots.
22	6.5.8 Facilit	ties	
23 24	The clinic sh following cri		ate a separate room for dialyzer regeneration that meets all of the
25 26	(A)		ipped with a counter and counter sink unless equipped with an oriate flushing system,
27	(B)	Contai	ins approved hand-washing facilities and storage cabinets,
28 29	(C)		ins separate clean and soiled areas. Regenerated dialyzers shall intained only in the clean area,
30 31 32 33	(D)	hour o	tilated with fresh air at a minimum rate of six (6) air changes per or locally exhausted. Air shall not be recirculated through the string system except at those times when processing is not taking

1 2 3 4				exhaustion, the site of exhaustion shall be, at a maximum, six (6) inches from floor level. (Note: formaldehyde gas is heavier than air.)
5 6			(E)	Is lighted to a level of 50-foot candles throughout. Light levels at the work surfaces shall be 100-foot candles, and
7 8			(F)	Contains storage space for supplies and regenerated dialyzers proportional to the number of patients in the unit.
9	<u>6.5.9</u>	PATIEN	T CARE	[New section applicable to both acute and chronic patients]
10		(A)	ADMISS	ION POLICIES AND PROCEDURES
11 12			(1)	THE FACILITY SHALL DEVELOP POLICIES AND PROCEDURES REGARDING PATIENT ADMISSION CRITERIA.
13 14 15			(2)	A PATIENT MEDICAL HISTORY AND CURRENT HEALTH STATUS INFORMATION SUFFICIENT TO DETERMINE APPROPRIATENESS FOR ADMISSION SHALL BE OBTAINED AND RECORDED PRIOR TO OR ON THE DATE OF ADMISSION.
16 17 18			(3)	THE RECEIVING ATTENDING PHYSICIAN AND DESIGNATED REGISTERED NURSE SHALL REVIEW EACH PATIENT'S RECORDS TO DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATENESS OF THE ADMISSION.
19		(B)	PATIEN [®]	CARE POLICIES
20 21 22 23			CARE, V	CILITY SHALL HAVE WRITTEN PATIENT CARE POLICIES RELATING TO ALL AREAS OF /HICH ARE APPROVED BY THE MEDICAL DIRECTOR AND GOVERNING BODY. THE CARE POLICIES SHALL BE REVIEWED PERIODICALLY TO DETERMINE VENESS, BUT AT LEAST ANNUALLY.
24		(C)	PATIEN [®]	CARE PLAN
25 26 27 28			(1)	PRIOR TO THE FIRST DIALYSIS TREATMENT, THERE SHALL BE AN INITIAL NURSING ASSESSMENT TO DETERMINE EACH PATIENT'S NEEDS AND ENSURE THAT SAFE, APPROPRIATE CARE CAN AND WILL BE PROVIDED UNTIL A PATIENT CARE PLAN IS DEVELOPED.
29 30 31			(2)	WITHIN THIRTY (30) DAYS OF ADMISSION OR 13 TREATMENTS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, THE FACILITY SHALL DEVELOP A WRITTEN PATIENT CARE PLAN THAT INCLUDES TREATMENT GOALS.
32 33 34 35 36			(3)	THE CARE PLAN SHALL BE INDIVIDUALIZED TO REFLECT THE PATIENT'S ONGOING MEDICAL, PSYCHOLOGICAL, SOCIAL, DIETARY AND FUNCTIONAL NEEDS. THE CARE PLAN SHALL BE REVIEWED AND UPDATED AS INDICATED BY ANY CHANGE IN THE PATIENT'S MEDICAL, NUTRITIONAL OR PSYCHOSOCIAL STATUS, OR AT LEAST ANNUALLY.

1 2 3 4 5			(4)	ALL PATIENT CARE PLANS SHALL INCLUDE EVIDENCE OF THE PATIENT'S (OR PATIENT'S LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE'S) INPUT AND PARTICIPATION, UNLESS THEY REFUSE TO PARTICIPATE. AT A MINIMUM, THE PATIENT CARE PLAN SHALL DEMONSTRATE THAT THE CONTENT WAS REVIEWED WITH THE PATIENT OR THE PATIENT'S LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE.
6		(D)	MEDIC	AL OVERSIGHT AND ON-CALL COVERAGE
7 8			(1)	THE FACILITY SHALL ENSURE THAT THE CARE OF EACH DIALYSIS PATIENT IS UNDER THE CONTINUING OVERSIGHT OF A NEPHROLOGIST.
9 10 11 12 13			(2)	A NEPHROLOGIST OR LICENSED INTERMEDIATE CARE PROVIDER WITH EDUCATION AND EXPERIENCE IN THE CARE OF PATIENTS WITH ACUTE AND CHRONIC KIDNEY FAILURE SHALL BE ON CALL DURING THE FACILITY'S OPERATING HOURS. A ROSTER OF ON-CALL PROVIDERS SHALL BE POSTED AT THE NURSES' STATION.
14	Sec	tion 7. SA	NITARY	YENVIRONMENT
15	7.1	Houseke	eping Se	ervices
16 17 18 19		7.1.1	that ar sanitar	dialysis treatment clinic shall establish organized housekeeping services re planned, operated, and maintained to provide a pleasant, safe and ry environment. The services should SHALL be under the supervision of a no competent in environmental sanitation and management.
20 21 22 23		7.1.2	plant a	shall be specific written procedures for appropriate cleaning of the physical and equipment, giving special emphasis to procedures that apply to on control. Policies shall be established to provide supervision and g programs for housekeeping personnel.
24 25 26		7.1.3	labeled	ons, cleaning compounds, and hazardous substances shall be properly d and stored in safe places. Paper towels, tissues, and other supplies shall red in a manner to prevent their contamination prior to use.
27		7.1.4	Dry du	sting and sweeping are prohibited.
28 29 30 31		7.1.5	used to materi	bish and refuse containers shall be impervious and tightly covered. Carts o transport rubbish and refuse shall be constructed of impervious als, shall be enclosed, and shall be used solely for this purpose. nulated waste material shall be removed at least daily.
32	7.2	Insect, Pe	est and	Rodent Control
33 34		7.2.1		n policies and procedures shall provide for effective control and eradication ects, pests, and rodents.

2	1.2.2	or by contract with a pest control company using the least toxic and least flammable effective pesticides.
4 5 6	7.2.3	The pesticides shall not be stored in patient or food areas and shall be kept under lock, and only properly trained responsible personnel shall be allowed to apply insecticides and rodenticides.
7 8 9	7.2.4	Screens or other approved methods shall be provided on all exterior openings and the structure shall be maintained to prevent entry of rats or mice through cracks in foundations, holes in walls, around service pipes, etc.
10	7.3 Waste Di	sposal
11 12	7.3.1	The clinic shall make provision for proper and safe disposal of all types of waste products.
13 14	7.3.2	All personnel shall wash their hands thoroughly after handling medical waste products.
15 16 17	7.3.3	All sewage shall be discharged into a public sewer system, or if such is not available, shall be disposed of in a sanitary manner consistent with applicable state laws and regulations.
18 19 20	7.3.4	No exposed sewer line shall be located directly above working, storing, or eating surfaces in kitchens, food storage rooms, or where medical supplies are prepared, processed or stored.
21 22 23	7.3.5	All garbage, not treated as sewage, shall be collected in watertight containers in a manner that prevents it from becoming a nuisance, and shall be removed from the facility on a scheduled basis per public or contracted service.
24 25 26	7.3.6	A sufficient number of sound watertight containers with tight-fitting lids, to hold all garbage that accumulates between collections, shall be provided. Lids shall be kept on the containers. Any racks or stands shall be kept in good repair.
27 28 29	7.3.7	Garbage containers shall be cleaned each time they are emptied. (Single service container liners are recommended.) A paved storage area for the containers should SHALL be provided.
30	Section 8. PH	IYSICAL PLANT AND EQUIPMENT
31	8.1 Reserved	
32	8.2 Maintena	nce
33 34 35	8.2.1	The building and mechanical programs shall be under the direction of a qualified person informed in the operations of the clinic and in the building structures, their component parts and facilities.

1 8.2.2 There shall be written policies and procedures for an organized maintenance 2 program to keep the entire facility, including equipment, in good repair and to 3 provide for the safety, welfare, and comfort of the occupants of the building(s). 4 Central Medical Supply 5 Each dialysis treatment clinic shall provide central supply services with facilities 6 for processing, sterilizing, storing and dispensing supplies and equipment if 7 supplies and equipment are not all sterilized by the manufacturer. 8 This service shall be separated physically from other areas of the clinic and shall 8.3.2 9 include areas designated for the following: 10 Receiving, 11 (B) Cleaning and processing, 12 (C) Sterilizing, if applicable, 13 Storing clean and sterile supplies, and 14 (E) Storing bulk supplies and equipment. 15 8.3.3 A two-compartment sink, with counter or drain board and knee-or-wrist action 16 valves, shall be provided in the cleaning area. 17 8.3.4 Adequate cabinets, cupboards, and other suitable equipment shall be provided for the processing of materials and for the storage of equipment and supplies in a 18 19 clean and orderly manner. 20 8.3.5 Ventilation to the central supply area may be supplied from the general 21 ventilation system, if properly filtered. The flow of air should SHALL be from the 22 clean areas toward the exhaust in the soiled area. Exhausts shall be installed 23 over sterilizers to prevent condensation on walls and ceilings. In the case of 24 new facility construction, or modification of an existing facility, the flow of air shall 25 be from the clean areas toward the exhaust in the soiled area. 26 8.3.6 Central medical supply services shall be organized as a unit under the immediate 27 supervision of a person who is competent in management, asepsis, supply 28 processing, and control methods. Sufficient supporting personnel shall be 29 assigned to the unit and properly trained in central medical supply services. 30 8.4 Compliance with FGI Guidelines 31 Effective July 1, 2013, all dialysis treatment clinics shall be constructed in 8.4.1 32 conformity with the standards adopted by the Director of the Division of Fire 33 Prevention and Control (DFPC) at the Colorado Department of Public Safety. For 34 construction initiated or systems installed on or after July 1, 2013, that affect 35 patient health and safety and for which DFPC has no applicable standards, each

1	facility shall conform to the relevant section(s) of the Guidelines for Design and
2	Construction of Health Care Facilities, (2010 Edition), Facilities Guidelines
3	Institute. The Guidelines for Design and Construction of Health Care Facilities,
4	(2010 Edition), Facilities Guidelines Institute (FGI), is hereby incorporated by
5	reference and excludes any later amendments to or editions of the Guidelines.
6	The 2010 FGI Guidelines are available at no cost in a read only version at:
7	http://openpub.realread.com/rrserver/browser?title=/FGI/2010_Guidelines